

Pattani





Hat Talo Kapo

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Wat Samphao Choei

PATTANI

Pattani is an east coast province in the South, adjacent to the Gulf of Thailand, with an area of approximately 1,940.356 square kilometres. There are two major rivers:

Tani and Sai Buri. A civilised town in the past, Pattani was the capital state of the Langkasuka Empire, an independent state of Thai Buddhists in the 2nd century, which covered the area of the provinces of Songkhla, Pattani, Yala, and Narathiwat in Thailand, as well as, the states of Kelantan and Terengganu of Malaysia. The present Pattani still maintains some ruins of the ancient town in Amphoe Yarang. Due to its mountainous area and long seashore of about 170 kilometres, Pattani has been an important port and centre of administration, trading, and culture. There are several tourism resources of nature, historical ancient places, and traditional culture.

Pattani is administratively divided into 12 districts: Mueang Pattani, Yarang, Nong Chik, Khok Pho, Yaring, Panare, Mayo, Sai Buri, Kapho, Mai Kaen, Thung Yang Daeng, and Mae Lan.

BOUNDARY

North: Songkhla

South: Narathiwat and Yala

East: Gulf of Thailand

West: Yala and Songkhla

HOW TO GET THERE

By car: Pattani is about 1,055 kilometres from Bangkok. Follow Phetchakasem Road to Phetchaburi - Prachuap Khiri Khan - Chumphon onto Highway No. 41. Pass Thung Song - Phatthalung - Hat Yai, and head for Pattani.

By train: From the Bangkok (Hua Lamphong) Railway Station, there are both express and rapid trains to the Pattani (Khok Pho) Railway Station everyday. For more details, contact the Service Unit at Tel. 1690. Pattani (Khok Pho) Railway Station Tel. 0 7343 1232, 0 2621 8701 ext. 865203, or visit www.railway.co.th. From the Pattani (Khok Pho) Railway Station, there is a mini-bus service plying between Amphoe Khok Pho and Amphoe Mueang Pattani, a distance of 29 kilometres.

By bus: There are daily services of air-conditioned buses of the Transport Company Limited from the Southern Bus Terminal on Borommaratchachonnani Road to Pattani. For more details, contact Tel. 0 2894 6122 or visit www.transport.co.th. The other two private-run companies are Thai Doen Rot Company Limited, Tel. 08 1620 4293, 0 2894 6100-4, and Siam Doen Rot Company Limited, Tel. 0 2894 6160-2.

By plane: The Thai Airways International Public Company Limited does not offer direct flights to Pattani. Visitors need to travel to Hat Yai International Airport, and take a taxi to Pattani over a distance of 104 kilometres for 1.5 hours. Flight information can be requested at Tel. 0 2356 1111, or at the THAI Hat Yai Office, Tel. 0 7423 0445, 0 7422 7275, 0 7423 3433, or visit www.thaiairways.com.

Also, Nok Airlines offers a Bangkok - Hat Yai flight. For more information, call Tel. 1318, 0 2900 9955, or visit www.nokair.co.th. In addition, there are flights operated by Air Asia, Tel. 0 2515 9999, www.airasia.com, and Orient Thai Airlines, Tel. 1126, 0 2229 4100-1, www.flyorientthai.com.

Distances from Amphoe Mueang Pattani to Other Districts

Amphoe Nong Chik	8 kilometres
Amphoe Yaring	14 kilometres
Amphoe Yarang	15 kilometres
Amphoe Khok Pho	26 kilometres
Amphoe Mayo	29 kilometres
Amphoe Mae Lan	30 kilometres
Amphoe Panare	43 kilometres
Amphoe Thung Yang Daeng	45 kilometres
Amphoe Sai Buri	50 kilometres
Amphoe Mai Kaen	65 kilometres
Amphoe Kapho	68 kilometres

Distances from Pattani to nearby provinces

Yala	35 kilometres
Narathiwat	92 kilometres
Songkhla	99 kilometres

ATTRACTIONS

Amphoe Mueang Pattani (อำเภอเมืองปัตตานี)

Somdet Phra Srinagarindra Park (สวนสมเด็จพระศรีนครินทร์)

Located at Tambon Rusamilae, Amphoe Mueang Pattani, about one kilometre from town, this public park is on the left side of the Pattani River, next to the Prince of Songkla University. It features a mangrove plantation with flowers, decorative plants, and a very beautiful landscape.

Princess Galayani Vadhana Institute of Cultural Studies (สถาบันวัฒนธรรมศึกษากัลยาณิวัฒนา)

Located in the Prince of Songkla University, Pattani Campus, the Institute is divided into two sections:

Phra Thep Yannamoli Museum (พิพิธภัณฑพระเทพญาณโมลี)

displays the history, activities, and utensils of Phra Thep Yannamoli. Besides, there are Buddha images, votive tablets, amulets, artefacts, chinaware, Chinese, European and Chinese-Thai pottery, commemorative coins, bank notes, etc.

Folklore Museum (พิพิธภัณฑคติชนวิทยา)

displays the stories to provide knowledge and specific education on various topics: Thai Muslim houses in the Southern border provinces, local tools and utensils, local performing arts, ancient tools and artefacts from the pre-historic period, the proto-historic community of the ancient town of Yarang, pottery, local beliefs, and technology.

This institute is open to the public free of charge from Mondays to Fridays, except for public holidays, during 9.00 - 12.00 a.m. and 1.00 - 4.00 p.m. For a group visit or in case a guide is needed, please contact in advance at the Education Service Unit, Princess Galayani Vadhana Institute of Cultural Studies, Prince of Songkla University, Pattani Campus, Amphoe Mueang Pattani, Pattani 94000, Tel. 0 7331 3930-50 ext. 1472, 1473, 1476, and 0 7333 1250, Fax: 0 7333 1250.

Pattani Central Mosque (มัสยิดกลาง จังหวัดปัตตานี)

Located on Yarang Road on the Yarang - Pattani route in Pattani Municipality. Built in 1954, the construction of this mosque took almost nine years. The official opening



Pattani Central Mosque

ceremony by Field Marshal Sarit Thanarat was held on 25 May, 1963. It is the centre for religious ceremonies to be performed by Muslims in the South. The architecture is western similar to the Taj Mahal of India. With the giant dome in the centre, there are four surrounding small ones and two minarets. A large rectangular pond is in front of the mosque. Inside the mosque is a large hall with two-sided corridors, where there is a tall and narrow throne used by the preacher.

City Pillar Shrine (ศาลหลักเมือง)

Situated on the Sak Seni ground of Benjamarachutit School Pattani, just opposite the City Hall, on the left bank of the Pattani River, the shrine was constructed on 13 May, 1951, when Phraya Rattanaphakdi was the Governor. This site is mostly worshipped by the local people and visitors.

Krue Se Mosque (มัสยิดกรือเซะ)

This mosque is on Highway No. 42 (Pattani - Narathiwat route) at Ban Krue Se and is about 7 kilometres from the town of Pattani. It has round-shaped brick and mortar pillars, which is the Middle Eastern art style. This venue is near the Chaomae Lim Ko Niao Graveyard. It has been assumed that this mosque was built during the reign of King Naresuan the Great (1578-1593).



City Pillar Shrine



Krue Se Mosque

Chaomae Lim Ko Niao Graveyard (สุสานเจ้าแม่ลิ้มกอเหนี่ยว)

Situated at Ban Krue Se, Tambon Tanyong Lulo, on Highway No. 42 (Pattani - Narathiwat route), near the Krue Se Mosque. Legend has it that Lim Ko Niao, a Chinese girl came to Siam by ship to look for Lim To Khiam, her elder brother, who married the Pattani Governor's daughter and converted to Islam. Unable to keep her promise with her mother in bringing the brother home, she hung herself on a cashew nut tree. Her brother buried her here. Later, the tree was



Pattani Central Mosque



Chaomae Lim Ko Niao Chinese Shrine, Pattani

carved into her icon for worship, and a shrine was built to house the icon.

Leng Chu Kiang (Chaomae Lim Ko Niao) Pattani, Shrine of Mercy and Holy (ศาลเจ้าเล่งจูเกียง (เจ้าแม่ลิ้มกอเหนี่ยว) ปัตตานี)

Located at No. 63, Anoru Road, this shrine houses the sculptures of Chaomae Lim Ko Niao, Chaomae Thapthim, and other Chinese gods. On the full moon day of the 3rd lunar month every year, a colourful procession is held to

carry the sculptures of Chaomae Lim Ko Niao and others along several roads in town, as well as various activities including walking on fire in front of the shrine, and swimming across the Tani River near the Dechanuchit Bridge. The event receives numerous worshippers every year. For more details, contact Tel. 0 7333 2851.

Amphoe Yaring

Hat Talo Kapo (หาดตะโลกาโปร์)

This beach is about 18 kilometres from the town of Pattani. Follow Highway No. 42 (Pattani - Narathiwat route), turn left toward Amphoe Yaring, cross Khlong Yamu along the large concrete bridge, and pass the mangrove plantation and the village. With white clean sand along the line of pine and coconut trees, the idyllic beach is most suitable for relaxation and admiration of the scenery. There are many colourful Kolae boats being moored here. The beach keeps extending due to the tides bringing in more sand sediment.

Laem Ta Chi or Laem Pho (แหลมตาชี หรือ แหลมโพธิ์)

This is another white sandy beach extended from Talo Kapo Beach. Featuring a sand spit formed into the north of the Gulf of Thailand, the cape boasts beautiful landscape, and is best for relaxation. There are two routes to Laem Ta Chi:



Laem Ta Chi

By boat: Take a boat trip from the mouth of the Pattani River to Laem Ta Chi, for about an hour. Alternatively, proceed from Tha Dan in Amphoe Yaring, go along Khlong Yamu to Thale Nai, and to Laem Ta Chi.

By car: From Amphoe Yaring, cross Khlong Yamu along the wooden bridge and drive on for about 10 kilometres to the tip of Laem Ta Chi.

Ban Dato or Dato Mosque (มัสยิดบ้านดาโต๊ะหรือมัสยิดดาโต๊ะ)

Located at Mu 4, Ban Dato, Tambon Laem Pho, it is about 10 kilometres from the Yaring District Office on the same route to Talo Kapo Beach. This historical tourist attraction of



Ban Dato or Dato Mosque

religious importance was registered as an ancient monument by the Fine Arts Department in 1935.

Wang Yaring (วังยะหริ่ง)

Built in 1895 by Phraya Phiphitsenamat, this unique governor's residence is a mixture of Thai, Muslim, Chinese, and European architecture. It has two storeys: the lower open space and the upstairs with a spacious hall and chambers of the governor and his children. Other interesting features include the colourful glass clerestory, beautifully fretted wooden vent and gable. The highlight is the European-style spiral staircase. There are over 100-year-





Wang Yaring

old shady trees surrounding the palace. Currently, it is in the care of the governor's descendants. Visitors are allowed with prior permission.

To get there: From the town of Pattani, follow Highway No. 42 towards Amphoe Yaring. The total distance is 20 kilometres. This palace is situated in Soi Phiphit Rat Bamrung.

Yaring Mangrove Education Centre (ศูนย์ศึกษาธรรมชาติ ป่าชายเลนยะหริ่ง)

Located near Khlong Yamu, opposite the Yaring District Office, the Centre is in the Yaring National Forest Reserve with an area of 500 rai. There is a 1,250-metre long bridge, which is made of iron wood (*Hopea Odorata*), as a walkway for a nature study of the mangrove forest. Along the nature trail, visitors will find mangrove flora, which are mainly composed of trees, shrubs, vines, and undergrowth. Each plant species can grow in different regions, especially between the lowest and highest sea levels. These plants comprise *Bruguiera cylindrical*, *Xylocarpus moluccensis*, *Excoecaria agallocha* L., *Lumnitzera racemosa*, *Acanthus ebracteatus* etc. Visitors will also come across rest areas and nature interpretation spots with relevant pictures. There is an elevated wooden bridge, a rest pavilion, and a 13-metre high bird-watching tower overlooking the canopy of the mangrove forest.

In addition, there are delightful boat trips for nature lovers along 3 canals: Khlong Bang Pu, Khlong Klang, and Khlong Kolae. Along both banks, visitors can see unspoiled mangrove forest, an abundance of water creatures, varied birds, local lifestyles, and the beauty of the mangrove plantation. For more details, contact the Protected Area Regional Office 6 (Pattani Branch), Tel. 0 7333 6290-3 ext. 4115, or the Chief of the Yaring Mangrove Education Centre, Tel. 08 1368 3104.

Wat Burapharam or Wat Ok (วัดบูรพารามหรือวัดออก)

Built in 1817 during the inception of Yaring Town, this temple is important for the development of studying Dharma and Pali. It houses the much revered 200-year-old Luangpho Thung Kha image. The Ecclesiastical Provincial Governor and temple abbot, Phra Sophon Thammakhani (Phothan Daeng Thannathammo) specialises in traditional Thai medicine.

Replica Image of Phra Phutthachinnarat, Wat Piyaram (พระพุทธรูปนารายณ์จำลองวัดปิยาราม)

Formerly called Wat Pi Ngai, this temple was built in 1803 by Abbot Bot. The important ancient object here is the principal Buddha image, which is a replica image of Phra Phutthachinnarat.

Amphoe Panare

Hat Panare (หาดปะนาระ)

Situated about 3 kilometres from Amphoe Panare on the same route to Talo Kapo Beach, this sandy beach is not suitable for swimming since a fishing village of hundreds of households is located here. Kolae and other fishing boats are moored along the beach.

Hat Chalalai (หาดชลาลัย)

Situated about 2 kilometres from the District Office. Take the Pattani - Narathiwat route. Turn left onto Amphoe Panare and keep going towards the beach. Hat Chalalai is highlighted by a large pond near the pine line, making it an ideal spot for relaxing.

Hat Maruat (หาดมะรววด)

This beach is 2 kilometres from Hat Chalalai. It is accessible via the same way to Hat Chalalai. Then, proceed towards the junction of the Panare - Sai Buri Road and take a left turn. This beach is characterised by the amazing site of the aggregated small rock mountains overlapping each other. Visitors can use the long walkway to the mountaintop.

Hat Ratcharak (หาดราชรักษ์)

This beach is extended from Hat Chalalai, Hat Maruat, and Hat Khae Khae. It is only one kilometre from Hat Maruat, but two kilometres before approaching Hat Khae Khae. Visitors can use the same route to Hat Chalalai and Hat Maruat. The broad sandy beach surrounded by boulders and a small valley on the hill is the most striking site for enjoying the scenery.

Hat Khae Khae (หาดแคะแคะ)

Situated 43 kilometres from the town of Pattani. "Khae Khae" is a local Malay word for "loud noise". The beach is located in Tambon Nam Bo, 2 kilometres from Hat Ratcharak. With its large granite rocks along the coast, the beach is uniquely beautiful. On the hill, there is a pavilion and a viewpoint.



Hat Khae Khae

Wat Samphao Choei (วัดสำภาไชย)

Formerly known as Wat Thung Samphao, this temple places emphasis on education. It offers the study of the Buddha's teachings, primary school, and public library. Phra Sin Mongkhon (Phothan Thong), a famous Buddhist monk master residing here, is much revered by people in the provinces of Narathiwat, Yala, and Pattani.

Amphoe Sai Buri

Hat Wasukri (หาดवासுகรี ชายหาดบ้านป่าตาดิมอ)

Situated about 52 kilometres from the town of Pattani and just 2 kilometres from the town of Sai Buri, this beach is located in Tambon Taluban. From the town of Pattani, take the Pattani - Narathiwat Highway. Alternatively, it is accessible via Hat Khae Khae to Amphoe Sai Buri, or take a left turn at the junction towards Amphoe Sai Buri. The beach is parallel to the line of pine trees. Bungalows are also available.

Ban Paseyawo (บ้านปะเสยะวอ)

This is a well-known village for making Kolae boats which are a unique colourful fishing boat with a narrow head and tail of the fishermen in Pattani and Narathiwat provinces. The craftsmanship of the Kolae boat here is accepted for its beauty with patterns combining Thai and Muslim art. The boats are available both in a real size and a miniature souvenir one. In addition, this village is famous for producing tasty Southern Budu fish sauce. *To get there:* Take the same route to Hat Khae Khae and proceed along the road parallel to the beach.

Amphoe Mayo

Khao Ruesi (เขาฤๅษี)

This mountain is situated at Mu 2, Tambon Mayo, about 3 kilometres from the town of Mayo. The highlight of this mount is a natural rocky formation. Visitors will also find a 2 cubit-wide and 5 cubit-deep well containing so-called holy water previously used in royal coronation ceremonies. An ordination hall was built to cover this well. In addition, there is a temple called Wat Khao Ruesi Plaeng San, which is worshipped by the people of Pattani and nearby provinces.



Yarang Old Town

Amphoe Yarang

Yarang Old Town (เมืองโบราณยะรัง)

This was one of the largest proto-historic communities in the southern part of Thailand. It was presumably the location of the ancient kingdom of “Langkasuka” or “Lang-ya-xiu,” as mentioned in Chinese, Javanese, Malay, and Arabian chronicles. Yarang was laid out in an ovate shape with an area of 9 square kilometres. Remains of three overlapping ancient communities have been discovered here.

Ban Wat Ancient Town (เมืองโบราณบ้านวัด)

With a plaza as its centre, this community is surrounded by a moat and mound. The remains of over 25 mounds of ancient sites, mostly found on the western and northern areas of Ban Chale, have been discovered.

Ban Chale Ancient Town (เมืองโบราณบ้านจาละ)

With a pond as its centre, this community is surrounded by a square-shaped moat and is just 1 kilometre north of the Ban Wat ancient sites.

Ban Prawae Ancient Town (เมืองโบราณบ้านปราสาท)

It is a small trapezoid town with 4 earthen forts in the corners. To the north, there were canals connecting to the moats of the Ban Chale Ancient Town.



Wat Mutchalinhawapi Wihan

In addition to the moats and mounds, the remains of about 30 scattered ancient sites have been found. *To get there:* Use the Sirorot route (Highway No. 410) from Pattani to Yala for 15 kilometres. Then, turn left onto the Yarang - Mayo route (Highway No. 4061) for another 1.2 kilometres. Upon arrival at the ancient town area, take a left turn towards the north for 400 metres before arriving at Ban Chale Ancient Town.

For a group visit, please contact the Yarang Ancient Town Excavation and Restoration Project Office, Pattani, during official hours at Tel. 0 7343 9093.

Amphoe Nong Chik

Hat Ratchadaphisek (หาดรัษฎาภิเชก)

Situated at Ban Sai Mo, Tambon Sai Mo, this beach is about 15 kilometres from the town of Pattani, or just 2 kilometres from the Nong Chik District Office and another 4 kilometres from the entrance off the main road. This is the ideal beach for relaxation with shady pines.

Wat Mutchalinhawapi Wihan (วัดมูจลินทวาปีวิหาร)

This ancient temple is located in Nong Chik Sanitary District, about 10 kilometres on the Pattani - Khok Pho route. It was built in 1845 when Phraya Wichian Phakdi Si Songkhram relocated the Nong Chik District Office to Tambon Tuyong. Formerly called Wat Tuyong, this temple was renamed by



King Rama V during his royal visit to Nong Chik. In addition, he donated funds for building the ordination hall, which is still very intact and beautiful. The prominent landmark is the Wihan (image hall) where there are the lifelike statues of 3 abbots, especially, Phra Ratchaphuttharangsi or Luangpho Dam, the 5th abbot of this temple, who was much revered for his good deeds.

Amphoe Khok Pho

King Rama VII Pavilion (พลับพลาที่ประทับของรัชกาลที่ ๗)

Situated in the area of the Khok Pho District Office, this Thai-style pavilion was built in 1929 for King Rama VII during his royal visit to watch the solar eclipse here. It is about 26



Wat Chang Hai Rat Buranaram

kilometres from the town of Pattani on Highway No. 42.

Occupational Training Centre, Wat Chang Hai (ศูนย์ฝึกอาชีพ วัดช้างไห้)

Located between Tambon Thung Phla and Tambon Na Pradu, the Centre displays and sells many handicrafts; such as, batik, replica Kolae boats, ceramics, etc. *To get there:* Proceed along Highway No. 42. (Pattani - Khok Pho) via the Na Ket T-junction onto Highway No. 409 (Pattani - Yala) via Na Pradu Municipality.

Wat Chang Hai Rat Buranaram (วัดช้างไห้ราษฎร์บูรณาราม)

This temple is located at Ban Pa Rai, Tambon Thung Phla. It is close to the railway line (Hat Yai - Su-ngai Kolok route)

between Na Pradu and Pa Rai Stations. Situated about 31 kilometres from the town of Pattani, it is accessible via Highway No. 42 (Pattani - Khok Pho route). Upon arrival at the Na Ket T-junction, proceed onto Highway No. 409 (Pattani - Yala route), and pass the community of Na Pradu Municipality and the Occupational Training Centre (Wat Chang Hai). Then, proceed 700 metres further from the junction towards Wat Chang Hai.

This temple is over 300 years old. The image hall features a life-sized Luangpu Thuat image, an ex-abbot. In addition, visitors will find a beautiful stupa, chedi, mondop, ordination hall, and belfry.

Luangpu Thuat, Wat Chang Hai (หลวงปู่ทวดวัดช้างไห้)

Being good at studying the Buddha's teachings, Luangpu Thuat was a Buddhist monk with high compassion. Legend has it that during his boat trip to Ayutthaya, the food and water supply was gone because of a storm. Thus, he showed compassion by stepping onto the sea, and it appeared that the sea water was turned into fresh water to quench the thirst of the crew. He died in Malaysia, and his body was brought back to Wat Chang Hai. The annual festival to pay respect to his cremated bones is held on the 1st waning moon day in the 5th lunar month (April). The temple is open daily to welcome visitors during 8.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

Wat Aranyawasikaram or Wat Huai Ngo (วัดอรุณวาสีการามหรือวัดหัวเวียงะ)

Built in 1657, this temple is the residence of the famous Buddhist monk master, Phrakhru Anusat Kitchathon (Phothan Khiao Kittikhuno), who is much revered by the people. Another prominent landmark is the holy lifelike statue of a former abbot, Luangpho Si Kaeo, which is housed in the image hall.

Wat Sai Khao (วัดทรายขาว)

This temple was built in 1757 and features the chedi of the much revered Phrakhru Thammakitkoson (Phothan Nong Thammaphuto). He was a former abbot, well respected for his good deeds and simple lifestyle.



Wat Sai Khao

Wat Na Pradu (วัดนาประดู่)

Formerly called Wat Katthaliwan, this temple has offered the study of the Buddha's teachings since 1938. The much revered lifelike statues of Luangpu Thuat and Luangpho Pan (former 2nd abbot) are housed here. The present abbot is Phra Sopha Thammakhun (Luangpho Phon).

Wat Si Mahapho (วัดศรีมหาโพธิ์)

This temple was built in 1802 by Luangpho Thuat Bunyarit who took an austere walk from Nakhon Si Thammarat. The temple features lifelike statues of Luangpho Thuat Bunyarit and Luangpu Thuat Wat Chang Hai in the posture of stepping on sea water. In addition, there is a lifelike image of the much revered former abbot Phrakhru Wirat Sophon (Daeng Suntharo) who died, but his body did not decay.

Namtok Sai Khao National Park (อุทยานแห่งชาติน้ำตกทรายขาว)

Located in Tambon Sai Khao, the Park covers the connecting areas of 3 provinces in the lower South: Pattani, Yala, and Songkhla, and has a total area of 68,750 rai. The Park area features rainforest rich in various species of plants. Many waterfalls are found in the Park:

Namtok Sai Khao (น้ำตกทรายขาว)

Located at Mu 5, Tambon Sai Khao, this 40-metre-high waterfall cascades over layers of stream into a large basin.

To get there: Take Highway No. 409 (Pattani - Yala) for 28 kilometres to the Na Pradu T-junction. Then, proceed via the Na Pradu - Sai Khao route for about 7 kilometres. Park officers provide services to visitors at the waterfall area, and accommodation is also available. For more details, contact the Department of National Parks, Wildlife and Plant Conservation, Bangkok, Tel. 0 2562 0760, or Namtok Sai Khao National Park, Pattani, Tel. 0 7333 9138, or visit www.dnp.go.th.

Namtok Phong Phong (น้ำตกโผนผอง)

This waterfall is located at Mu 8, Tambon Pak Lo. *To get there:* Proceed via Highway No. 42 (Pattani - Yala) onto Highway No. 409 (Pattani - Yala) to Ban Pak Lo. Turn right and proceed along an asphalt road for another 5 kilometres. The seven-tiered waterfall cascades down into a large basin where one can see the waterfall cliff atop and winding streams of water over the cliff and boulders. The waterfall area is shady with various plants.

Namtok Aranyawarin (น้ำตกอรุณวาริน)

Situated at Mu 4, Tambon Thung Phla, this waterfall is



Namtok Sai Khao National Park

accessible via Highway No. 409 (Pattani - Yala). Then, turn right at the junction to Wat Huai Ngo and drive on for another 6 kilometres. It is 30 kilometres from the town of Pattani. The waterfall is in the San Kala Khiri mountain range. It has seven unique tiers; each of them is about 300-500 metres apart.

Sai Khao Tourism Community, Tambon Sai Khao

(ชุมชนท่องเที่ยวทรายขาว ตำบลทรายขาว)

Having won the Most Outstanding Tourism-based Community Award at the 2007 Thailand Tourism Awards, this community is strong on tourism promotion and quality management. It offers various activities; such as, forest trekking to the top of the San Kala Khiri Mountain, touring fruit orchards, and experiencing the simplicity of the local lifestyle and hospitality. In addition, visitors will enjoy OTOP products; such as, Chuan Tani-patterned woven cloth, processed products of garcinia (Malabor tamarind and banana, etc. For more information, contact the Chairman of the Sai Khao Tourism Community and Chief Executive of the Sai Khao Sub-district Administration Organisation, Mr. Prasert Rasalo, Tel. 08 9596 1739 and 0 7353 8554.

Amphoe Mai Kaen

Hat Sai - Chai Bueng Ban Laweng or Ban Laweng Swampside Beach (หาดทราย-ชายบึงบ้านละเวง)

From the town of Pattani, proceed via Highway No. 42 (Pattani - Narathiwat) for 60 kilometres, turn left at the junction to Amphoe Mai Kaen, and after crossing the Koto Bridge, drive on for 8 kilometres. The white sandy beach here lies along a large swamp with beautiful surroundings and nature. Furthermore, there is a Folk Arts and Crafts Centre (Ban Laweng Cloth-weaving Group) where visitors can see cotton-cloth weaving, and an experimental project to raise fish in brackish water.

Hat Bang Sai (หาดบางสาย)

This beach is located at Mu 6, Tambon Sai Thong, which is 74 kilometres from the town of Pattani. It stretches for 5 kilometres along the sea.

Hat Pa Mai (หาดป่าไผ่)

Located at Mu 3, Tambon Sai Thong, this beach extends from Hat Bang Sai. Visitors can go to enjoy the beach all year round.

EVENTS & FESTIVALS

Chak Phra Festival (ประเพณีชักพระ) This annual festival commemorates Lord Buddha's return to the earth on the 1st waning moon day in the 11th lunar month, after the end of the three-month Buddhist Rains Retreat, in which he went up to Tavatimsa Heaven to preach Abhidhamma to his mother. Chak Phra literally means hauling the beautifully decorative boat of a Buddha image (Ruea Phra). The Buddhists in Amphoe Khok Pho and neighbouring areas will move the boats from different temples to the forecourt of the District Office where the boats will be worshipped, and food will be offered to Buddhist monks and novices. Each of the boats is joined by the local people who dress beautifully, and has some dancers in front of it. This event is celebrated for 5 days and nights.

Chaomae Lim Ko Niao Fair (งานสมโภชเจ้าแม่ลิ้มกอเหนี่ยว) It is held 15 days after the Chinese New Year, which falls on the full moon day in the 3rd lunar month, in celebration of the highly revered Goddess of Mercy, Chaomae Lim Ko Niao. The Goddess' sculpture made from a cashew nut tree as well as other Chinese gods are invited out of the shrine and carried on a palanquin to be followed by a procession. There is fire walking and other displays of spiritual strength of which participants must be purified by observing the religious precepts and being vegetarian for at least 7 days prior to the rites. Many of the participants are the local people of Pattani and nearby provinces.

Sai Buri Fishing Competition (งานแข่งขันกีฬาตกปลาสายบุรี) This event is held annually on the second weekend of May at Hat Wasukri, Amphoe Sai Buri. Due to the long coast and an abundance of fish, this sport has become widely popular.

Arts and Cultural Fair (งานมหกรรมศิลปวัฒนธรรม) Held annually in July at the Prince of Songkla University, Pattani Campus, this fair showcases dancing shows, academic

exhibitions, sales of local products, and demonstrations of local handicrafts to enhance Thai wisdom.

Yaring Sea Bass Fair (งานวันปลากะพงทะเล) Held annually during July - August at Hat Talo Kapo, this fair features a sea bass eating contest, beauty pageant, sea bass cooking contests, as well as sales of seafood products.

LOCAL PRODUCTS AND SOUVENIRS

Pattani has many interesting local products; such as, dried squid, Budu fish sauce, fish chips, preserved Luk Yi, brassware, batik (Pate cloth), etc.

Dried Squid (ปลาหมึกแห้ง) Amphoe Panare is famous for its white large-sized squid with a good taste, not too salty.

Budu Fish Sauce (น้ำบูดู) is one of the ingredients for Khaoyam, a southern local dish with herbs. The famous good quality and tasty sauce from Amphoe Sai Buri can be kept for a long time.

Fish Chips (ข้าวเกรียบปลา) is one of the famous local products of Amphoe Sai Buri. It smells good, and is delicious and crispy.

Preserved Luk Yi (ลูกหยีกวน) is a delicious seedless snack from Amphoe Yarang. It is made from velvet tamarind which can also be processed into other forms; such as, Luk Yi Chap Namtan (glace), Luk Yi Kaeo (sugar candied), and Luk Yi Khluk Nampla Wan (sweet and salty sauce mixed).

Brassware (เครื่องทองเหลือง) is available for sale at Pattani Road, including fretted trays, bowls, and various types of containers.

Batik (ผ้าปาเต๊ะ) and its products; such as, full pieces of batik cloth, Sarong (tube skirts), tablecloths, handkerchiefs, and plate mats, are available for sale in front of the Municipal Market.

Pattani Dove Cage (กรงนกเขาปัตตานี) is made of fine sharpened bamboo in many designs. They are produced at the Prikri Market, Mu 3, Tambon Krado, Amphoe Mueang Pattani.

Moreover, there is basketry made of Yan Liphao (string

ferns); such as, bags, hats, baskets, fans, and furniture made of rattan and Yan Liphao. They are produced and on sale at the shop of the Pattani Provincial Prison.

INTERESTING ACTIVITY

Firefly Watching Boat Tour at Ko Pula Kunae, Tambon Bang Pu, Amphoe Yaring (นั่งเรือชมหิ่งห้อย ณ เกาะปูลาคุนเณ ตำบลบางปู อำเภอยะหริ่ง)

Organised by the Bang Pu Tourism Community, visitors will enjoy a canal tour around Khlong Bang Pu. In addition, visitors will experience the Yaring mangrove forest, local fishermen's lifestyle, and see the sparkling fireflies on Ko Pula Kunae. A charter boat with 5 seats costs 350 Baht. Contact the Chairman of the Bang Pu Tourism Community, Mr. Late Mahama, Tel. 08 1957 0678, or the Tourist Business Association, Pattani, Tel. 08 5892 4243, and the Office of Tourism and Sports, Pattani, Tel. 0 7346 0399.

EXAMPLES OF TOUR PROGRAMMES

Programme I: One-day Pattani Tour

- | | |
|------------|--|
| 8.00 a.m. | - Visit the Pattani Central Mosque. |
| 9.00 a.m. | - Visit the Krue Se Mosque. Pay homage to Chaomae Lim Ko Niao at the Chaomae Lim Ko Niao Graveyard. Buy souvenirs. |
| 10.30 a.m. | - Visit Wang Yaring. Buy reishi-mixed coffee. |
| 12.00 a.m. | - Lunch. |
| 1.30 p.m. | - Visit Dato Mosque. |
| 2.30 p.m. | - Visit Amphoe Sai Buri or Mueang Sai. See local-patterned jewellery at the Hadi shop. Buy OTOP products. |
| 4.30 p.m. | - Return to Amphoe Mueang Pattani. |

Programme II: Pay Homage to Buddha Images at 9 Temples

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 7.00 a.m. | - Visit Wat Chang Hai. Pay respect to and ask for blessings from Luangpu Thuat, Wat Chang Hai. |
|-----------|--|

- | | |
|------------|--|
| 8.30 a.m. | - Visit Wat Aranyawasikaram or Wat Huai Ngo. |
| 9.00 a.m. | - Pay respect to Luangpho Phon of Wat Na Pradu. |
| 10.00 a.m. | - Pay homage to the Chedi of Phothan Nong Thammaphuto, Wat Sai Khao. |
| 10.30 a.m. | - Visit Wat Si Mahapho. |
| 11.15 a.m. | - Pay respect to Luangpho Kham, Wat Mutcharinthawapi Wihan. |
| 12.00 a.m. | - Lunch. |
| 1.30 p.m. | - Visit Wat Burapharam. |
| 2.00 p.m. | - Pay homage to the replica image of Phra Phutthachinnarat at Wat Piyaram. |
| 3.00 p.m. | - Visit Wat Samphao Choei. |
| 4.30 p.m. | - Return to Amphoe Mueang Pattani. |

FACILITIES

ACCOMMODATIONS

(The room rates mentioned in this brochure may be changed. Please ask for current information from each hotel when making reservation.)

Amphoe Mueang Pattani (อำเภอเมืองปัตตานี)

C.S. Pattani (ซี เอส ปัตตานี) 299 Mu 4, Nong Chik Road, Tambon Rusamilae, Tel. 0 7333 5093-4, 0 7333 6091-3, Fax: 0 7333 1620, E-mail: cspatani@cscsoms.com, 125 rooms: 900-5,500 Baht.

Southern View (เซาท์เทิร์นวิว) 399 Nong Chik Road, Tambon Rusamilae, Tel. 0 7331 9248, Fax: 0 7331 9255, 87 rooms: 600-1,500 Baht.

Thai Suwan (ไทยสุวรรณ) 103 Mu 8, Na Kluea Road, Tambon Bang Na, Tel. 0 7333 1584, 40 rooms: 250-400 Baht.

Palace Hotel (แพเลสไฮเต็ล) 10-12 Soi Talat Thet Wiwat 2, Phiphit Road, Tambon Anoru, Tel. 0 7334 9171, 0 7334 9711, 45 rooms: 200-700 Baht.

My Gardens (มาย การ์เด้นส์) 8/28 Charoen Pradit Road

(Clock Tower Intersection), Tambon Sabarang, Tel. 0 7333 1055-8, 135 rooms: 300-800 Baht.

Santisuk (सानติสุข) 29 Phiphit Road, Tambon Anoru, Tel. 0 7334 9122, 0 7334 8773, 38 rooms: 160-400 Baht.

Laem Nok Resort (แหลมnok รีสอร์ท) 103/12 Mu 8, Na Kluea Road, Tambon Bang Na, Tel. 0 7331 1537-8, 50 rooms: 500 Baht.

RESTAURANTS

Amphoe Mueang Pattani (อำเภอเมืองปัตตานี)

Ko Seng (โกสง) 37-39 Rong Lao Sai Kho Road (Rong Lao Intersection), Tel. 0 7333 2081, offers à la carte dishes, and open 10.00 a.m. - 2.00 p.m.

Khrua Fueangfa (ครัวเฟื่องฟ้า) 104 Nong Chik Road (opposite the Pattani Technical College), Tel. 0 7333 2488, offers à la carte dishes, and open 11.00 a.m. - 1.00 a.m.

Charoenrat (เจริญรัตน์) 49 Udom Withi Road, Tel. 0 7333 2820, offers dim sum, and open 6.00 - 11.00 a.m.

Taipan Seafood (ไทปัน ซีฟู้ด) 17/249 Chonlaprathan Road, Tel. 0 7331 2136.

Napa Suki (นพาสุกี้) 23/37 Nong Chik Road, Tel. 0 7333 4522, offers à la carte dishes, and open 9.00 a.m. - 8.30 p.m.

Nam Rot (นารส) 7 Phiphit Road, Tel. 0 7334 8103, offers à la carte dishes, and open 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

Pattani Sports Club (ปัตตานี สपोर्ट คลับ) 299 Mu 4, Nong Chik Road, Tambon Rusamilae (in the C.S. Pattani Hotel), Tel. 0 7333 6090-6, open 6.30 a.m. - 11.00 p.m.

Madinah (มาดินาห์) 48 Ali Uthit Road, Tel. 0 7331 0458, offers halal cuisine, and open 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

River (ริเวอร์) 82/1 Nong Chik Road, Tambon Rusamilae, Tel. 0 7333 1308, 0 7333 6132, offers Thai cuisine, and open 10.00 a.m. - 10.00 p.m.

Rugaiyah (รุกียะห์) 28/15 Rong Lao Sai Kho Road, Tel. 0 7333 7891, offers halal cuisine, and open 6.30 a.m. - 3.00 p.m.

London (ลอนดอน) 89/15 Yarang Road, Tambon Anoru, Tel. 0

7334 9697, 0 7334 9681, offers Thai and Chinese cuisine, and open 10.00 a.m. - 9.00 p.m.

Wang Kings (วังคิงส์) 7/12 Nong Chik Road (in front of the Pattani Highway District Office), Tel. 0 7334 8670, offers round rice noodles with southern-style curry, and open 6.00 a.m. - 3.30 p.m.

Bunga Raya (ห้องอาหารบุหงารายา) inside the C.S. Pattani Hotel, Nong Chik Road, Tel. 0 7333 5093 ext. 4, opens 6.00 a.m. - 11.00 p.m.

Pailin (ห้องอาหารไพลิน) inside the My Gardens Hotel, Tel. 0 7333 1055-8, open 6.00 a.m. - 1.00 a.m.

U Taetiam (อุตเตเตียม) 3/2 Prida Road (Traffic Light Intersection), offers morning meals and dim sum.

Arinee (อารินี โกชนา) 17/69 Charoen Pradit Road, Tel. 0 7333 4301, 08 1897 5505, offers halal cuisine, and open 8.00 a.m. - 9.00 p.m.

Banchomsuan (บ้านชมสวน) 103 Nong Chik Road Soi 18, Tel. 0 7331 9111, offers international and halal cuisine, and open 10.00 a.m. - 10.00 p.m.

Khaoyam Bencharong Ha Si (ร้านขายยาเบญจรงค์ & สี) 7/4 Nong Chik Road, Tel. 08 9052 7370.

Suan Mai (ร้านสวนไม้) 35 Pattani Phirom Road, Tambon Anoru, Tel. 0 7331 8085.

Ta Tani (ห้องอาหารภูตานี), Southern View Hotel, 399 Nong Chik Road, Tel. 0 7331 9248-54.

Amphoe Yaring (อำเภอยะหริ่ง)

Amin Phochana (อามีนโกชนา) 21/11 Mu 2, Tambon Yamu.

Amphoe Sai Buri (อำเภอสายบุรี)

Muslim Phochana (มุสลิมโกชนา) 18 Sai Buri Road, Tel. 0 7335 4048.

There is also a late-night market opposite the My Gardens Hotel, and food stalls by the Pattani River.

LOCAL PRODUCT AND SOUVENIR SHOPS

Yi-o Pakaro (ร้านยี่โอะ ประการอ) 104 Rong Lao Sai Ko Road, Tambon Sabarang, Amphoe Mueang Pattani, Tel. 0 7331 3274.

Bu-nga Tani (บุหงาดานี) 55/11 Charoen Pradit Road, Tambon Sabarang, Amphoe Mueang Pattani, Tel. 0 7332 3202, 08 6955 0948.

Kim Yong (ร้านกิมหยง) Rong Lao Sai Kho Road, Amphoe Mueang Pattani (before arriving at the Central Stadium Roundabout), Tel. 08 1959 4039.

Asan Pattani (ร้านอาซัน บัตตานี) 92/7 Yarang Road, Tambon Chabangtiko, Amphoe Mueang Pattani, Tel. 08 1959 4039.

Ban Chipatha (บ้านจิปาตะ) 192/5 Phetchakasem Road, Amphoe Nong Chik, Tel. 0 7333 7203, 08 6965 4560.

Pate Patani (ปาเต๊ะ ปตานี), a centre of batik and souvenirs of Pattani (a car boot sale), Suwan Mongkhon Road, Amphoe Mueang Pattani, Tel. 08 4160 8119.

TRAVEL AGENCIES

Amphoe Mueang Pattani (อำเภอเมืองปัตตานี)

Al Hijrah and Travel (หจก. อัล ฮิจญ์เราะฮ์. แอนด์ แทรเวล) 82/2 Yarang Road, Tambon Chabangtiko, Amphoe Mueang Pattani, Tel. 0 7331 1880, Fax: 0 7333 7119.

Lerish Travel (บจก. เลอริช แทรเวล) 78/13 Makrut Road, Tambon Sabarang, Tel. 0 7331 3699, Fax: 0 7331 3911.

Sodchuen Travel (สดชื่น แทรเวล) 1/154 Charoen Pradit Road, Tambon Rusamilae, Tel. 0 7335 0345, Fax: 0 7331 3600, E-mail: sodchuen-travel@hotmail.com.

D Sky Travel (หจก. ดี สกาย แทรเวล) 104/194 Rong Ang Road, Tambon Sabarang, Tel. 0 7331 3322, Fax: 0 7331 3323, E-mail: dsky_travel@hotmail.com.

USEFUL CALLS

Provincial Public Relations Office	Tel. 0 7334 8435, 0 7331 3909
Pattani Provincial Office	Tel. 0 7334 9002, 0 7333 1154
Pattani District Office	Tel. 0 7334 9015
Pattani Municipality	Tel. 0 7333 4333, 0 7333 7141
Pattani Hospital	Tel. 0 7333 1859-63
Pattani Police Station	Tel. 0 7334 9018, 0 7334 8602
Pattani Pier Immigration	Tel. 0 7334 9320, 0 7334 9480
Office of Tourism and Sports, Pattani	Tel. 0 7346 0399
Highway Police	Tel. 1193
Tourist Police	Tel. 1155
Meteorological Department	Tel. 1182
Call Centre	Tel. 1133

TAT TOURIST INFORMATION CENTRES

TOURISM AUTHORITY OF THAILAND

HEAD OFFICE

1600 Phetchaburi Road., Makkasan

Ratchathewi, Bangkok 10400

Tel. 0 2250 5500

Fax. 0 2250 5511

E-mail: info@tat.or.th

www.tourismthailand.org

MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND SPORTS

4 Ratchadamnoen Nok Avenue, Bangkok 10100

8.30 a.m. - 4.30 p.m. everyday

TAT NARATHIWAT OFFICE

102/3 Mu 2 Narathiwat - Tak Bai Road,

Tambon Kaluwo Nuea, Amphoe Mueang Narathiwat,

Narathiwat 96000

Tel: 0 7352 2411

Fax: 0 7352 2412

E-mail: tatnara@tat.or.th

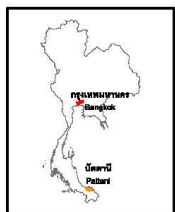
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Areas of Responsibility: Narathiwat, Yala and Pattani

Updated

December 2011





แผนที่ท่องเที่ยวจังหวัดปัตตานี PATTANI TOURIST MAP



สัญลักษณ์ Legend

	อำเภอ	Amphoe (District)		ทางหลวง	Highway
	สถานที่ท่องเที่ยว	Tourist Attraction		เส้นขอบเขตจังหวัด	Province Boundary
	สถานีรถไฟ	Railway Station		เส้นขอบเขตอำเภอ	District Boundary
	แหล่งน้ำ, แม่น้ำ	Stream, River		ทางรถไฟ	Railway

5 2.5 0 5 กิโลเมตร
Kilometers

สถานที่ท่องเที่ยว Tourist Attraction

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 หาดริชดาภิเษก Hat Ratchadaphisek | 14 น้ำตกทรายขาว Namtok Sai Khao |
| 2 ศาลเจ้าแม่ลิ้มกอเหนี่ยว หรือ ศาลเจ้าเล่งจูเกียง
Chaomae Lim Ko Niao Chinese Shrine or Leng Chu Kiang Shrine | 15 น้ำตกอรุณวาริน Namtok Aran Warin |
| 3 มัสยิดกลางจังหวัดปัตตานี Pattani Central Mosque | 16 น้ำตกโผนผิง Namtok Phong Phong |
| 4 มัสยิดกรือเซะ Krue Se Mosque | 17 เขาฤๅษี Khao Ruesi |
| 5 แหลมตาชี หรือ แหลมโพธิ์ Laem Ta Chi or Laem Pho | 18 หาดวาสุกรี Hat Wasukri |
| 6 หาดตะโละกาโป Hat Talo Kapo | 19 หาดทราย ชายบึงบ้านละเวง Hat Sai Chai Bueng Ban Laweng |
| 7 หาดปะนาเระ Hat Panare | 20 หาดบางสาย Hat Bang Sai |
| 8 หาดชลาลัย Hat Chalalai | 21 หาดป่าไหม้ Hat Pa Mai |
| 9 หาดมะรวด Hat Maruat | |
| 10 หาดราชรักษ์ Hat Ratcharak | |
| 11 หาดแสมแหม Hat Khae Khae | |
| 12 อุทยานแห่งชาติน้ำตกทรายขาว Namtok Sai Khao National Park | |
| 13 วัดช้างให้ราษฎร์บูรณาราม Wat Chang Hai Rat Buranaram | |



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Tourist Information Division (Tel. 0 2250 5500 ext. 2141-5)

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Pattani Central Mosque



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TOURIST HOTLINE

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Tourist information by fax available 24 hrs.

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Website: www.tourismthailand.org

